PROGRAMME 2018 GOVERNANCE IN PATIENT ORGANISATIONS

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For a strong European Patient Movement... EPF European Patients Movement...











Mission and vision



Our Vision!

"All patients with chronic conditions in Europe have access to high-quality, patient-centred health and related care."



Our Mission!

"be the collective influential patient voice in European health and related policies and a driving force to advance patient empowerment and equitable patient access to care in Europe."

Our Strategic Goals





Health Literacy



Patient Empowerment



Healthcare Access and Quality



Sustainable Patients'
Organisations



Patient involvement



Non-discrimination

Evolution of EPF activities 2003-2017



Strengthening Patients' voice in the EU

2003-2007

Influencing policy developments at EU-level



From 2008

EPF partnering in **EU projects** to gather evidence-based knowledge



2012 – present

Capacity Building and targeted activities for patient leaders, e.g. EUPATI



Evolution from 1 to 3 "pillars"

Strengthening policy impact

EPF Capacity Builging Pogramme

EPF Capacity building programme (CB)

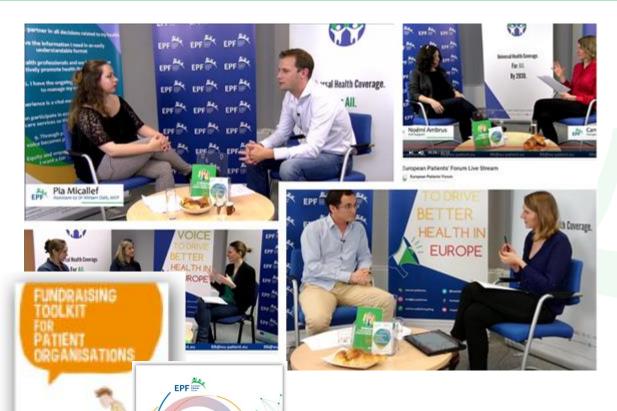


What, how, for whom?



CB Online









THE ADDED VALUE OF PATIENT ORGANISATIONS

CB Offline | The European Pillar



2018

SUMMER TRAINING COURSE FOR YOUNG PATIENT ADVOCATES



Empowering Leadership &

National Coalitions Meeting



16-17 October 2017 Brussels



CB EUPATI PROGRAMME



The European Patient Academy

- a pan-European project implemented as a PPP by a collaborative multi-stakeholder consortium from the pharmaceutical industry, academia, not-for-profit, and patient organisations; (IMI project)
- EUPATI has already trained <u>96 patient experts</u> on medicines development, clinical trials, medicines regulations, health technology assessment.
- https://www.eupati.eu/
- https://www.eupati.eu/what-is-the-toolbox/

Governance

What do we mean by governance?





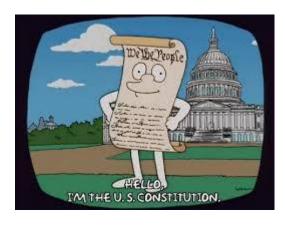
Why governance is key?



- Structure gives members clear guidelines for how to proceed. A clearly-established structure gives the group a means to maintain order and resolve disagreements.
- Structure binds members together. It gives meaning and identity to the people who join the group, as well as to the group itself.
- Structure in any organisation is inevitable an organisation, by definition, implies a structure.

Key aspects to consider





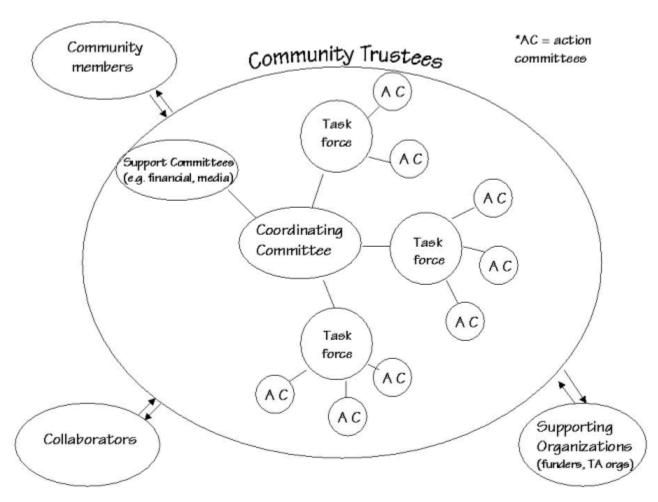






How complex my governance structure should be?





Constitution



- Constitution are the written rules that control the internal affairs of an organisation. Constitution generally define things like:
 - ✓ the group's official name, purpose, requirements for membership, officers' titles and responsibilities, how offices are to be assigned, how meetings should be conducted, and how often meetings will be held.
 - ✓ govern the way the group must function as well as the roles and responsibilities of its officers.
 - ✓ Constitution serve as the legal guidelines of the organisation



Why should your organisation have one?

- Provide the answers to tough questions;
- Save enormous amounts of time, help you define your mission, or structure the organisation to correspond to that mission;
- It is necessary in some countries if your organisation wants to apply for non-profit status;
- It keeps your organisation focused on its intended purpose by specifically defining that purpose.

General Assembly



The highest representative body of your organisation

These meetings mainly have the following responsibilities:



- ✓ Election of the executive bodies and other bodies named in the Constitution;
- ✓ Taking political & strategic decisions for the organisation work;
- ✓ Making financial decisions: adopting the budget, accepting the annual financial statements;
- ✓ Adopting & amending the statutes & other working rules;

Board of Directors



Aka Bureau, Executive Committee, Steering Committee, Presidium

- Made of several individuals coming from your membership;
- They are elected by your full members during the Annual General Assembly;
- The board is accountable to your members;

Board of Directors



What does it do?

- Making sure that the organisation is working towards its goals & implementing its work plan;
- Ensuring that the organisation has the necessary resources to work and overseeing the financial management;
- Recruitment of the Organisations' Lead (Secretary General/ CEO);

Board of Directors



Key characteristics

- Knowledge of the patient community;
- Commitment;
- Expertise;



The General Manager



- Manages the day to day operations of the organisation;
- Implements the strategy designed by the governing bodies;
- Manage the relationship with the board and the members;

How to ensure democracy & transparency within your organisation

Positive, transparent, effective, accountable

Describe processes and leave no room to ambiguity

- Elections processes
- Board rotation policy
- Length of term and limits in the terms of mandates

Ask yourself questions

- What happens in case of cessation of appointment?
- Board members should be different from paid staff
- Do you have a conflict of interest policy?



Tips and tricks



Constitution

- ☐ Think forward when developing it;
- ☐ Make it last;
- ☐ Gather examples of Constitutions of similar organisations for reference;
- ☐ Look for templates;
- ☐ Ask for legal advise;



Tips and tricks



General Assembly

☐ Prepare it and make the most out of it;
☐ Engage your members regularly during the year;
☐ Focus on the key issues and achievements;
☐ Send all the material well upfront;
☐ Make it interactive;
☐ Take minutes and prepare a report to be shared
afterwards;

Tips and tricks



Board Members

Spell out clearly what is expected from them: roles, responsibilities of board members & estimated time commitment;
It helps if your board members are an odd number in case there is a tie during votes;
Ideally, your organisations' board is different from its management (paid staff). While many small patient organisations have board members serving in the management position, try to bring some separation in the roles;
Board meetings are kept close. However, written proceedings, summary minutes should be made available upon request;
Develop a conflict of interest policy and ask board members to disclose any possible conflict of interest (personal, financial and others).

General Manager



Tips and tricks

□ Make sure he/she has the right level of autonomy;
□ Make sure he/she receives support from the board;
□ As he/she is generally appointed by the board and reports to them> it's best he/she doesn't have voting rights at board meetings;
□ Make sure he/she is not over-worked;

Questions? Ideas?





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